OAA for August 1972 or would have been eligible to receive OAA for that month if they had applied or had not been institutionalized.

- (7) Group 7: Individuals in category A who are receiving OAA, and individuals in category C who are included in that category (in accordance with §436.112 of this chapter) because they received OAA for August 1972 or would have been eligible to receive OAA for that month if they had applied or had not been institutionalized.
- (8) Group 8: Individuals in category D and individuals in category A who are receiving OAA and are not social security or railroad retirement beneficiaries.
- (9) *Group 9:* Individuals in category A who are receiving OAA and are not social security or railroad retirement beneficiaries.

[56 FR 38082, Aug. 12, 1991]

## § 407.45 Termination of State buy-in agreements.

- (a) Termination by the State—(1) Termination after advance notice. A State may terminate its buy-in agreement after giving CMS 3 months, advance notice.
- (2) Termination without advance notice. A State may terminate its buy-in agreement without advance notice if—
- (i) The State gives CMS written certification to the effect that it is no longer legally able to comply with one or more of the provisions of the agreement; and
- (ii) Submits a supporting opinion from the appropriate State legal officer, if CMS requests such an opinion.
- (b) Termination by CMS. If CMS, after giving the State notice and opportunity for hearing, finds that the State has failed to comply substantially with one or more of the provisions of the agreement, other than the requirement for timely payment of premiums, CMS will give the State written notice to the effect that the agreement will terminate on the date indicated in the notice unless, before that date, CMS finds that there is no longer that failure to comply. (Rules for collection of overdue premiums, including assessment of interest and offset against FFP due the State, are those set forth in the Notice published on September 30, 1985 at 50 FR 39784.)

## § 407.47 Beginning of coverage under a State buy-in agreement.

- (a) *General rule.* The beginning of an individual's coverage period depends on two factors:
- (1) The individual's meeting the SMI eligibility requirements and the requirements for being a member of the buy-in group; and
- (2) The effective date of the buy-in agreement or agreement modification that covers the group to which the individual belongs, and which may not be earlier than the third month after the month in which the agreement or modification is executed.
- (b) Application of general rule: Medicaid eligibles who are, or are treated as, cash assistance recipients. For Medicaid eligibles who are, or are treated as, cash assistance recipients (that is, are members of categories A through E of § 407.42(a) or categories A through C of § 407.43(a)), coverage begins with the later of the following:
- (1) The first month in which the individual—
- (i) Meets the SMI eligibility requirements specified in § 407.10; and
- (ii) Is a member of one of those categories.
- (2) The month in which the buy-in agreement is effective.
- (c) Application of general rule: Qualified Medicare Beneficiaries. For individuals who are QMBs (that is, are members of category F of §407.42 or category D of §407.43(a)), coverage begins with the later of the following:
- (1) The first month in which the individual meets the SMI eligibility requirements specified in §407.10, and has QMB status.
- (2) The month in which the buy-in agreement or agreement modification covering QMBs is effective.
- (d) Application of general rule: Other individuals eligible for Medicaid. For individuals who are members of category G of §407.42(a) or category E of §407.43(a), coverage begins with the later of the following:
- (1) The second month after the month in which the individual—
- (i) Meets the SMI eligibility requirements specified in § 407.10; and
- (ii) Is determined to be eligible for Medicaid.